

April 3, 2023

WINZOS Version 7.4

There is some confusion regarding a 32 bit WINZOS implementation and a 64 bit Windows operating system. All of the components contained within WINZOS operate with a 64 bit Windows OS. No zOS access is required. The purpose of WINZOS is that of emulating zOS development - via Windows.

Open Source ISPF editor

Tim Tetivia passed away.

Tim was a principal of Command Technology Corp (CTC), creators of ISPF on Windows.

Tim's family made the CTC editor and source available as Free Software.

The WINZOS version of the CTC is limited to editing / browsing. I left intact colorizing source / panels

The CTC editor is enabled by specifying "BOTH" on WINZOS Panel 0.1.1

Edit and Command Behavior:

Text / Program Editor ==> BOTH (WINZOS ISPF or BOTH)

Use of "BOTH" provides editing of COBOL source with CTC

The WINZOS native ISPF editor is used when editing JCL to support "SUBMIT"

I have set F1 to cut, F2 to paste, F4 to full screen split, F9 to swap

Use the "KEYS" command line option to view and or set the PFKEY values

I have provided 2 CTC edit profiles of interest:

EBCDIC - the LRECL is needed to edit EBCDIC data files / source files

LBR - edit any non text file by specifying the LRECL

HEX ON / OFF is full screen

UNDO / REDO is fully functional

CHARSET EBCDIC specified on the command line enables edits of EBCDIC files

CHARSET ASCII (the default) enables edits of ASCII / Text files

```
SYSTEM CUR DIR: C:\IBZANIM\GNUDATA
```

```
SYSTEM FILE SPECIFICATION:
```

```
==> *.ebc
```

```
PROFILE ==> EBCDIC (Blank defaults to file extension)
```

```
MAX RECL ==> 25 (1..4096, new profile default = 80 )
```

CUT is also enabled via mouse selection - permits copy of text to paste

The CTC tutorial is functional

However the tutorial may reference components not germane to WINZOS

I am aware of a defect that limits the cut / paste queue to ~ 1200 lines

To enable the CTC editor from anywhere edit the Windows Path statement

Add C:\WINEDIT\TIMEDIT to the Windows PATH settings

I have provided for three .EXE(s) to invoke CTC

Use either SPF.EXE or SPF2.EXE - select one that is unique to your desktop

The source and other variants of the CTC editor are available at this URL

<https://github.com/michaelknigge/spf-editor>

GnuCOBOL

This version of WINZOS includes GnuCOBOL Version 3.2

This is a 32 bit version of GnuCOBOL

The 32 bit version of GnuCOBOL is fully operational in 64 bit WINDOWS

I know of zero zOS COBOL applications requiring more than 2,147,483,648 bytes of addressability

The folder C:\IBZANIM\WINGNU contains "GnuCOBOL 3.2 Manual.PDF"

Many elements within the manual are not germane to zOS COBOL applications

BMS Screen Designer

This is a feature of WINZOS that enables designing a CICS BMS screen with the CTC editor.

The screen designer is invoked via WINZOS panel "T.9"

The panel below "paints" a BMS screen

Line 1 thru line 24 are used to defined the BMS format.

Lines 25 thru 35 are provided as a reference to what each "symbol" describes.

For instance on the panel below.

A text field with a prefix of # will create a BMS title field with a color of turquoise

A text field with a prefix of ^ will paint a BMS title field with a color of yellow

The > symbol is used to define BMS output fields

The < symbol is used to define BMS Input fields (as well as being able to be addressed as output

The BMS input / output fields will be a bright white color - feel free to change the color in the application.

The color field attributes are fixed.

The "keys" in lines 26 thru 35 are persistent.

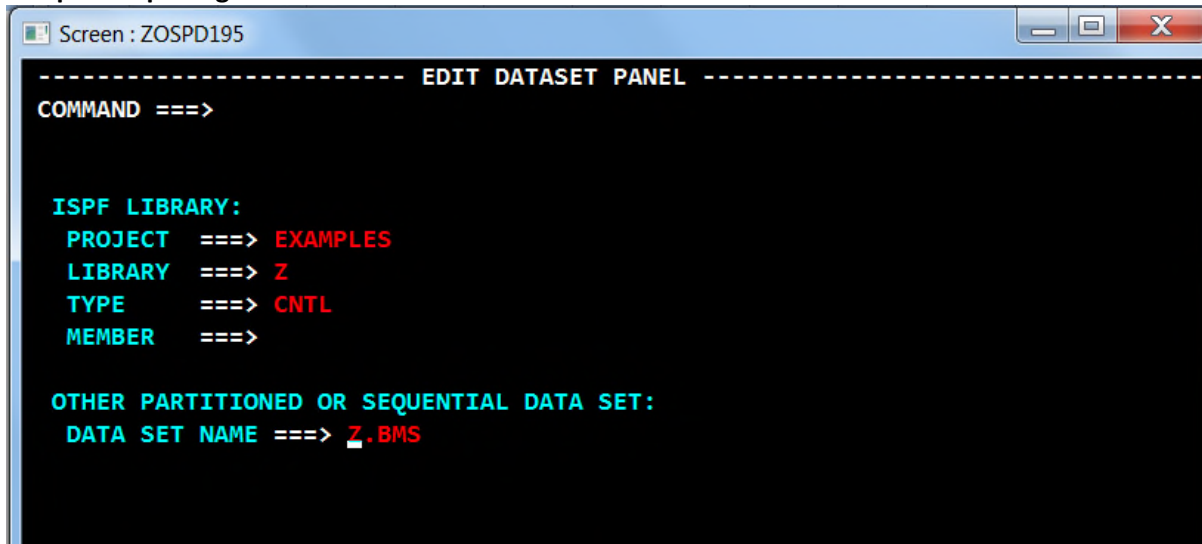
If you edit these values they will be ignored.

BMS Macro generated from the Screen Designer dataset (.SCN)

```
SPF/Pro(1) EDIT C:\WINZOS\BMS\GENTEST3.BMS COLUMNS 001 080
COMMAND
***** TOP OF DATA *****
000001 GENTEST3 DFHMSD CTRL=(FREEKB,FRSET),TIOAPFX=YES,TERM=3270,MODE=INOUT, X
000002          DSATTS=COLOR,MAPATTS=COLOR,TYPE=&SYSPARM
000003 GENTEST3 DFHMDI CURSLOC=YES
000004          DFHMDF POS=(01,05),LENGTH=019, X
000005          INITIAL='ACCOUNT FILE: MENU ', X
000006          COLOR=YELLOW, X
000007          ATTRB=(ASKIP,NORM)
000008          DFHMDF POS=(01,25),LENGTH=055, X
000009          INITIAL='FEBRUARY' S 27, 2023 X
000010          ', X
000011          COLOR=YELLOW, X
000012          ATTRB=(ASKIP,NORM)
000013          DFHMDF POS=(03,07),LENGTH=073, X
000014          INITIAL='TO SEARCH BY NAME, ENTER: X
000015          ', X
000016          COLOR=YELLOW, X
000017          ATTRB=(ASKIP,NORM)
000018          DFHMDF POS=(05,08),LENGTH=010, X
000019          INITIAL='LASTNAME: ', X
000020          COLOR=TURQUOISE, X
000021          ATTRB=(ASKIP,NORM)
000022 R0519 DFHMDF POS=(05,19),LENGTH=012, X
000023          COLOR=NEUTRAL, X
000024          ATTRB=(UNPROT,NORM)
000025          DFHMDF POS=(05,33),LENGTH=012, X
000026          INITIAL='FIRST NAME: ', X
000027          COLOR=TURQUOISE, X
000028          ATTRB=(ASKIP,NORM)
000029 R0546 DFHMDF POS=(05,46),LENGTH=007, X
000030          COLOR=NEUTRAL, X
000031          ATTRB=(UNPROT,NORM)
000032          DFHMDF POS=(05,54),LENGTH=016, X
000033          INITIAL='MIDDLE INITIAL: ', X
000034          COLOR=TURQUOISE, X
000035          ATTRB=(ASKIP,NORM)
CUT PASTE END FSPLIT RFIND RCHANGE UP DOWN SWAP LEFT RIGHT RETRIEVE
Sun Mar 26 3:40p SHFT CAPS INS REC
```

After completion of the design process use the F3 key to create (and catalog) a BMS macro reflecting the design criteria. The "other partitioned dataset" is sensitive to the User ID specified in panel 0.1.1

Edit panel opening member list

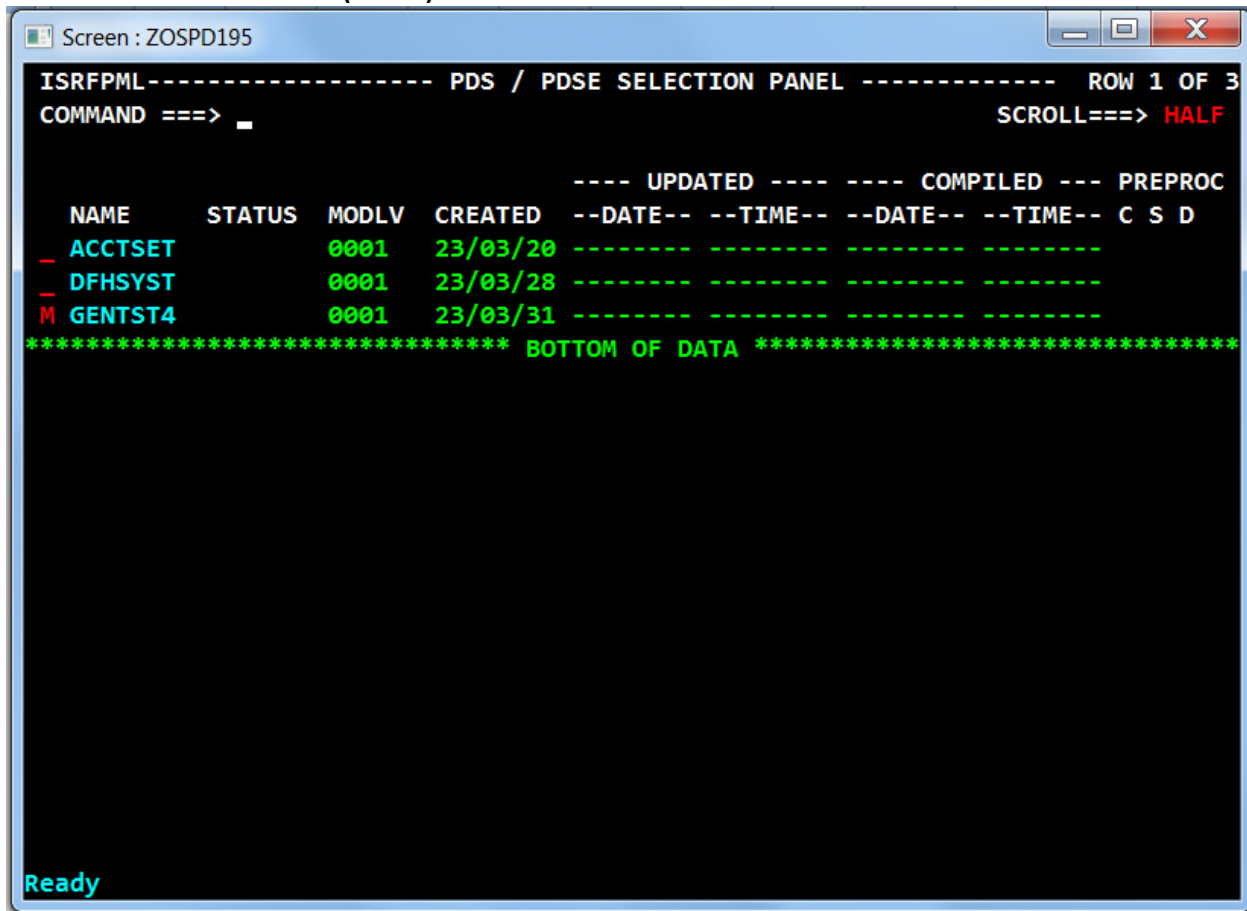


```
Screen : ZOSPD195
----- EDIT DATASET PANEL -----
COMMAND ==>

ISPF LIBRARY:
PROJECT ==> EXAMPLES
LIBRARY ==> Z
TYPE ==> CNTL
MEMBER ==>

OTHER PARTITIONED OR SEQUENTIAL DATA SET:
DATA SET NAME ==> Z.BMS
```

Member list of PDSE Z.BMS (above)

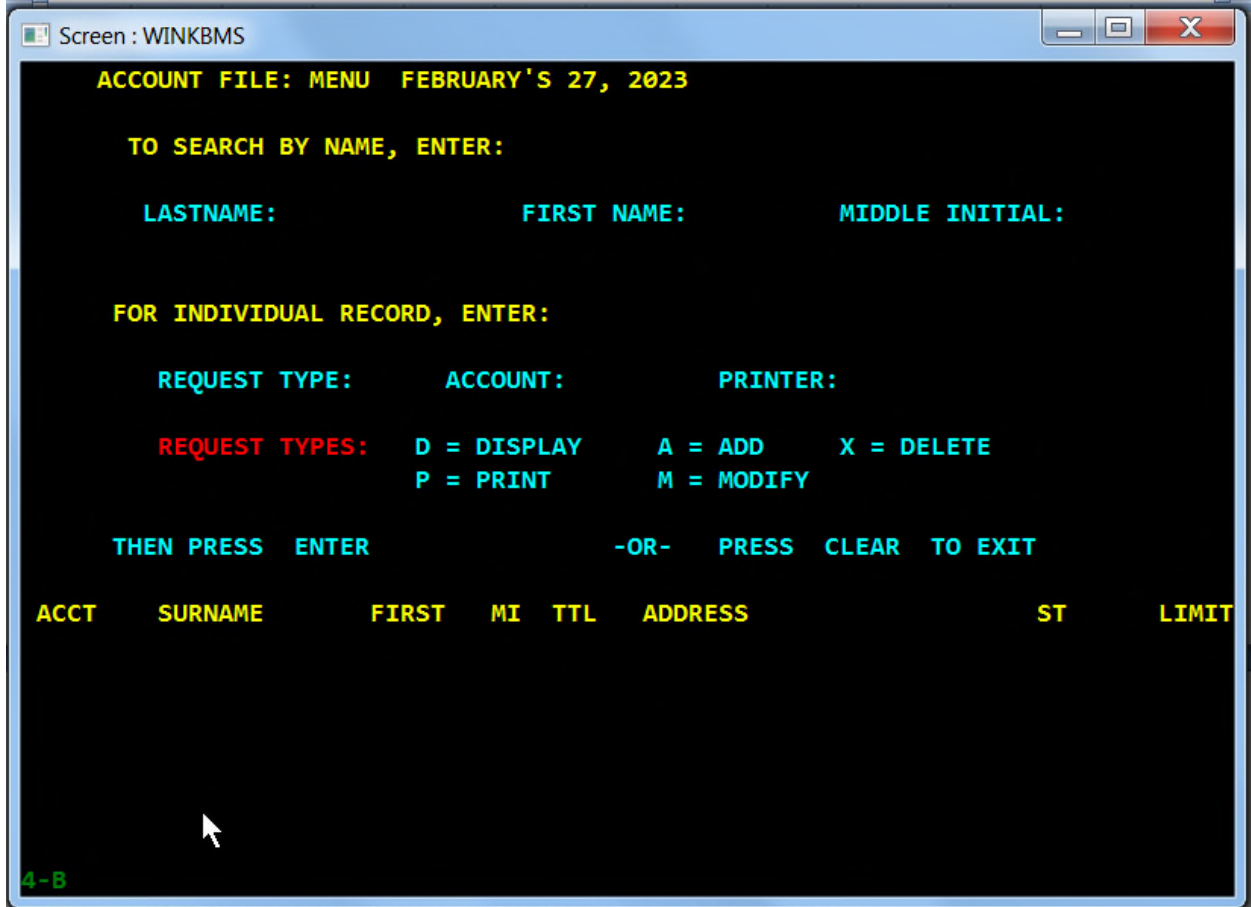


```
Screen : ZOSPD195
ISRFPM----- PDS / PDSE SELECTION PANEL ----- ROW 1 OF 3
COMMAND ==> _ SCROLL==> HALF

      NAME      STATUS  MODLV  CREATED  ---  UPDATED  ---  COMPILED  ---  PREPROC
      NAME      STATUS  MODLV  CREATED  --DATE-- --TIME-- --DATE-- --TIME-- C S D
- ACCTSET      0001   23/03/20  -----
- DFHSYST      0001   23/03/28  -----
M GENTST4      0001   23/03/31  -----
***** BOTTOM OF DATA *****

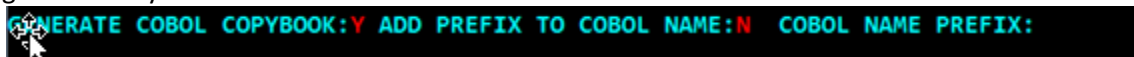
Ready
```

Placing an M (above) next to a BMS member will result in BMS generation into the CICS BMS "master". Additionally use of M will display the BMS map as presented to users.



Keying data as if within the application is also supported. This feature helps in determining whether the WYSIWYG designer process is in accordance with the desired CICS presentation.

On Panel T.9 I specified that I wanted to name the map input / output data fields in the copybook generated by the service.



The generate copybook feature will present each named BMS macro member in a dialog. The BMS macro was created with a RnnCnn (Row Column) for each input / output field to be referenced by a CICS application. Note: PREFIX is not operational, at this time.

Each named input output field will be presented in row column order.

Key the COBOL name to be used in the COBOL copybook for this CICS screen.

A CTC browse session of the designer screen is presented at the same time.

Reference the RnnCnn (row column) macro name and refer to CTC browse session to provide context between row column and an adjacent title value ?

The first data entry field on the test panel is R05C19 - Row 5, Column 19

Debugging Aids

Since there is no actual zOS console, DISPLAY UPON CONSOLE services need a substitute. There are 2 subroutines that make it possible to have a comparable service. ZMSGBOX and ZMSGBOX1

To use either:

Add these data declarations to Working-Storage:

```
77 ZMSG1          PIC X(78).
77 ZMSG-T        PIC X(02) VALUE X'0000'.
77 ZMSGBOX       PIC X(08) VALUE 'ZMSGBOX'.
77 ZMSGBOX1     PIC X(08) VALUE 'ZMSGBOX1'.
```

Add these instructions to the Procedure Division.

```
MOVE 'JOB TEST001T has started' to ZMSG1. (as example text)
CALL ZMSGBOX USING ZMSG1.
```

Call ZMSGBOX1 if there is need to capture a conditional response.

```
MOVE 'Delete this data set ? Click Yes or No' TO ZMSG1'. (as example text)
CALL ZMSGBOX1 USING ZMSG1.
```

A RETURN-CODE = 6 EQUALS A "YES" REPLY

A RETURN-CODE = 7 EQUALS A "NO" REPLY

Note: As in a ZOS environment there is no support of ACCEPT [data] FROM CONSOLE.

WINZOS improvements

- A DSORG=PO (PDS / PDSE) is now properly processed
- COND= is now properly processed
- Clean up of orphaned artifacts from terminated job streams
- Job stream execution incurring data exceptions will process properly. Previously a SOC7 would terminate the JOB.
- The system log and SDF entry now contain the specific program and line number of a SOC7
+++C:\WINZOS\COBOL\PARMTEST.COB:108: DATA EXCEPTION SOC7 STEP ABENDED - where the offending program is PARMTEST and the line number causing the exception is 108
- Documentation of ZMSGBOX and ZMSGBOX1 as a procedure to facilitate DISPLAY UPON CONSOLE
- VETBMS.COB is provided as an example program. It uses the BMS screen designer and the corresponding files created via Option T.9 to build and execute a CICS transaction. Please use Option T.3 to define VETBMS.COB. Option T.4 to add VETBMS as transaction VBMS.
- Note: Use the Alt + F2 key combination when in CICS to issue a 3270 Clear key.

Prior to this release I was involved in a "lift and shift" project to migrate zOS applications from zOS to Windows. As part of my project assignment I was responsible for converting several zOS assembler programs to COBOL. I used a toolset (A2C[obol]) to convert the assembler source to COBOL. It was successful. I mention this to explain the long time frame between releases of WINZOS

Future WINZOS release plans

- Support animation of COBOL applications via "DEBUG" as an add on to submit command (in WINZOS)
- Add EBCDIC support to WINZOS
- Improve DFSORT to include many services that zOS utilizes not yet represented in WINZOS
- Provide an IEBCOPY feature

Feel free to contact me via email:

Ralph.Linkletter@wiinadc.com